Florida Equity Report
(Data Years 2018-2019)

- Equity Policies
- Academic Reviews
- Student Services
- Gender Equity in Athletics
- Employment
- Tenure
ACHIEVEMENTS (2018-2019)

• Full Time Florida Community College Transfers increased from 684 to 716 between Fall 2018 and Fall 2019

• Six-year Graduation Rate of full time FTIC students increased from 79% to 80% between 2018 and 2019

• Bachelor’s Degrees awarded increased from 1258 to 1444 between academic years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019

• Master’s Degrees awarded increased from 303 to 311 between academic years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019
ACHIEVEMENTS  (between 2017-2018 and 2018-2019)

• Bachelor’s Degrees awarded to white students increased from 41 to 43
• Bachelor’s Degrees awarded to Asian students increased from four to six
• Master’s Degrees awarded to Asian students increased from three to five
• First Professional Degrees awarded to white students increased from 62 to 71
• First Professional Degrees awarded to Asian students increased from 11 to 19
OTHER ACHIEVEMENTS

• Total tenured white faculty increased from 51 to 54
• Total tenure-earning Asian faculty increased from seven to eight
• Total tenure-earning white faculty increased from 17 to 21
• Total number of females in EAM increased from 124 to 190
CLOSING

FLORIDA A&M UNIVERSITY

Founded in 1887 as the State Normal College, Florida A&M University (FAMU) is the only historically state-supported African American institution of higher education in Florida. It has always been co-educational. In 1890, the second Morrill Act was passed. This enabled the state of Florida to become the Black Land Grant College for the State of Florida. In 1891, the college was moved from its original location to its present location, which was once the site of the Highwood, Territorial Governor W.P. Duval's slave plantation. The site is one of the highest hills in Tallahassee. The school was known as Florida A&M College from 1909 until 1953 when it attained university status.